

A 24-Month Oral Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Study of Perfluorohexanoic Acid (PFHxA) in Rats

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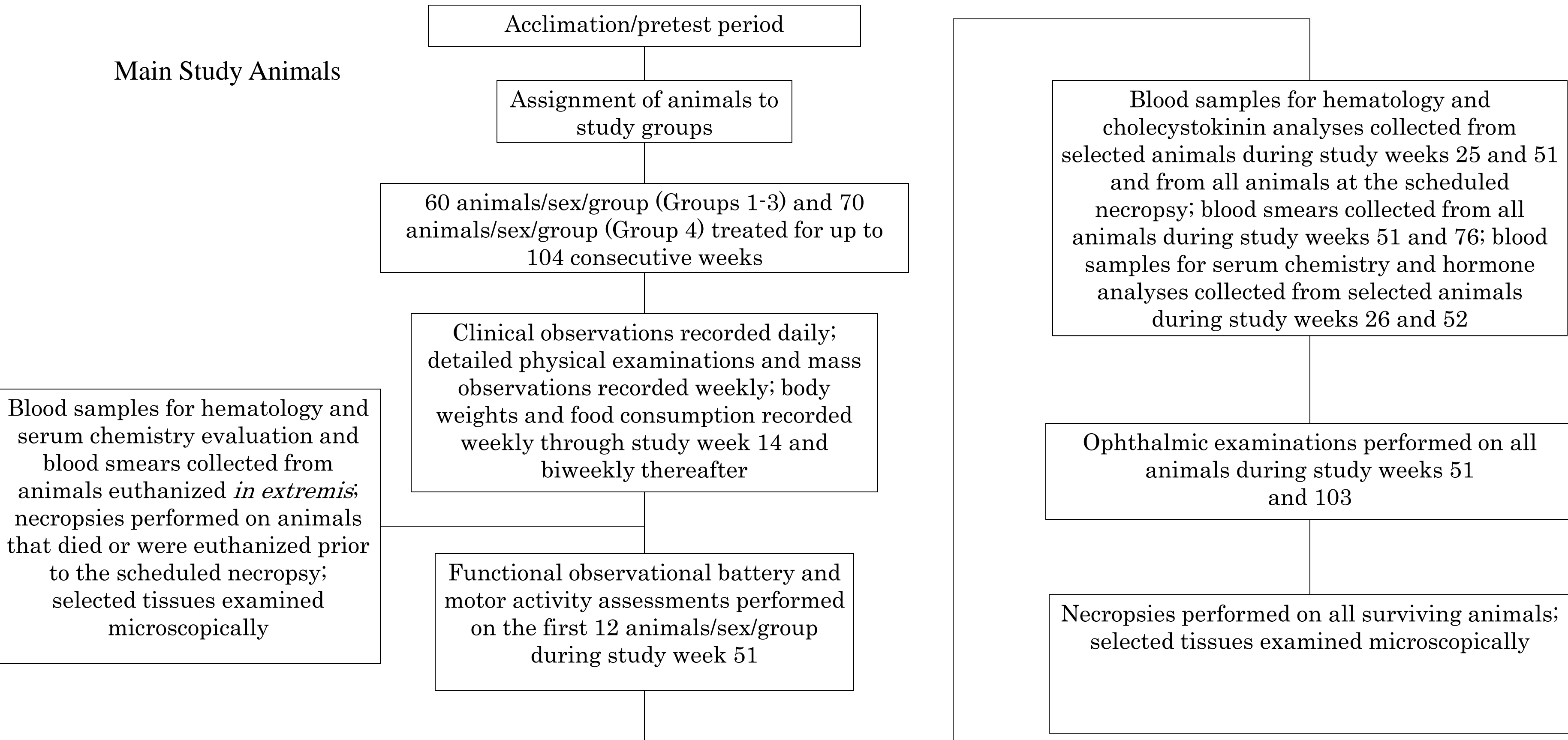
Abstract

The dosage levels of 2.5, 15, and 100 mg/kg/day of PFHxA (males) and 5, 30, and 200 mg/kg/day of PFHxA (females) were selected for the 2-year bioassay based on a previous 13-week study (Kirkpatrick, 2006, WIL-534003). The results of this 13-week study determined that the maximum tolerated dose (MTD) for PFHxA was 100 mg/kg/day of PFHxA for males and 200 mg/kg/day of PFHxA for female rats. In the present 2 year bioassay , some systemic toxicity was evidenced at the high dosage level in both males and females based on survival and renal effects (urinalysis parameter changes in males and papillary necrosis and/or tubular degeneration in females). The no-observed-effect level (NOEL) in the two year chronically administered bioassay for non-neoplastic systemic toxicity of PFHxA was observed to be 15 mg/kg/day for males and 30 mg/kg/day for females. As there was no evidence of carcinogenicity in either male or female rats, the NOEL for neoplastic findings of PFHxA was 100 mg/kg/day for males and 200 mg/kg/day for females, the highest dosages examined.

Methods

Chemical : Perfluorohexaonic acid (PFHxA) CAS no. 307-24-4
Animals: Crl:CD(SD) male and female rats

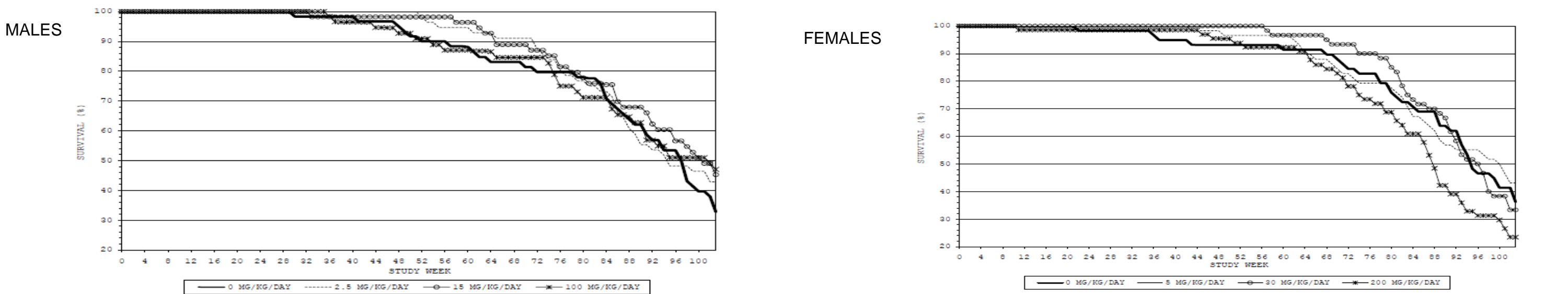
Dosages:		Dosage Level (mg/kg/day)		Number of Animals	
Group	Treatment	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	Vechicle	0	0	60	60
2	PFHxA	2.5	5.0	60	60
3	PFHxA	15	30	60	60
4	PFHxA	100	200	70	70



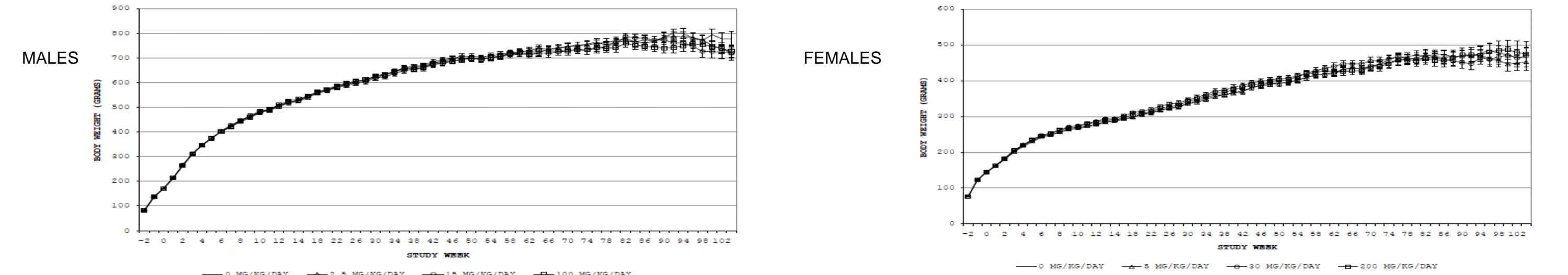
Results

- Dosage levels of 2.5, 15, and 100 mg/kg/day (MTD) of PFHxA (males) and 5, 30, and 200 mg/kg/day(MTD) of PFHxA (females) were selected for the 2 year bioassay based on a 13-week range-finding study.
- After two years of daily treatment, there was no evidence that PFHxA induced tumorigenesis in male or female rats at any of the 3 dosage levels examined.
- Some systemic toxicity was evidenced in the high dose groups in both males and female rats based on survival and renal effects (urinalysis parameter changes in males and papillary necrosis and/or tubular degeneration in females).
- There were no PFHxA-related effects on body weights, food consumption, functional observational battery, clinical chemistry or motor activity assessments.

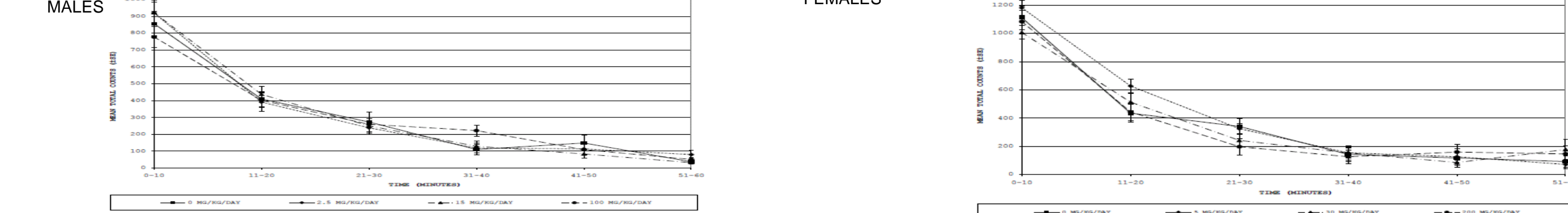
SUMMARY OF SURVIVAL [%] EXCLUDING ACCIDENTAL DEATHS AND REFLUX INJURY-RELATED DEATHS



SUMMARY OF BODY WEIGHTS (G) (MEAN ± SE)



SUMMARY OF TOTAL MOTOR ACTIVITY COUNTS : WEEK 51



SUMMARY OF TOTAL MOTOR ACTIVITY COUNTS - TOTAL COUNTS IN SESSION : WEEK 51



Tumor Incidence

Males		Females	
ORGAN	TUMOR	ORGAN	TUMOR
ADRENAL MEDULLA	TOTAL EXAMINED #B PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, BENIGN	ADRENAL CORTEX	TOTAL EXAMINED #M CARCINOMA
BRAIN	TOTAL EXAMINED #M ASTROCYTOMA, MALIGNANT	ADRENAL MEDULLA	TOTAL EXAMINED #B PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, BENIGN
KIDNEYS	TOTAL EXAMINED CARCINOMA/ADENOMA, RENAL TUBULE #B, ADENOMA, RENAL TUBULE	BRAIN	TOTAL EXAMINED #M ASTROCYTOMA, MALIGNANT #B GRANULAR CELL TUMOR, BENIGN
LIVER	TOTAL EXAMINED CARCINOMA/ADENOMA, HEPATOCELLULAR #B ADENOMA, HEPATOCELLULAR	CERVIX	TOTAL EXAMINED #M SARCOMA, ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL #B GRANULAR CELL TUMOR, BENIGN
MULTIPLE ORGANS	TOTAL EXAMINED FIBROSARCOMA/FIBROMA #M, SCHWANNOMA, MALIGNANT #B HIBERNOMA, BENIGN	HEART	TOTAL EXAMINED #M SCHWANNOMA, ENDOCARDIAL, MALIGNANT
PANCREAS	TOTAL EXAMINED #M CARCINOMA, ISLET CELL #B ADENOMA, ISLET CELL	LIVER	TOTAL EXAMINED #B ADENOCARCINOMA #B FIBROSARCOMA/ADENOMA
PARATHYROID	TOTAL EXAMINED #B ADENOMA	MAMMARY GLAND	TOTAL EXAMINED CARCINOMA/ADENOMA, C-CELL #B ADENOMA, FOLLICULAR CELL #B ADENOMA, C-CELL

Females

ORGAN	TUMOR	ORGAN	TUMOR
ADRENAL CORTEX	TOTAL EXAMINED #B CARCINOMA #B ADENOMA	PANCREAS	TOTAL EXAMINED #B ADENOMA, ISLET CELL
ADRENAL MEDULLA	TOTAL EXAMINED #B PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, BENIGN	PITUITARY	TOTAL EXAMINED CARCINOMA/ADENOMA, PARS DISTALIS #M CARCINOMA, PARS DISTALIS #B ADENOMA, PARS INTERMEDIA #B ADENOMA, PARS DISTALIS
BRAIN	TOTAL EXAMINED #M ASTROCYTOMA, MALIGNANT #B GRANULAR CELL TUMOR, BENIGN	SKIN	TOTAL EXAMINED #B LIPOMA
CERVIX	TOTAL EXAMINED #M SARCOMA, ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL #B GRANULAR CELL TUMOR, BENIGN	SPLEEN	TOTAL EXAMINED #M SARCOMA, UNDIFFERENTIATED
HEART	TOTAL EXAMINED #M SCHWANNOMA, ENDOCARDIAL, MALIGNANT	SYSTEMIC TUMORS	TOTAL EXAMINED #M LYMPHOMA, MALIGNANT #M LYMPHOMA, MALIGNANT #M LYMPHOMA, MALIGNANT
LIVER	TOTAL EXAMINED #B ADENOCARCINOMA #B FIBROSARCOMA/ADENOMA	THYMUS	TOTAL EXAMINED THYMOMA, MALIGNANT/BENIGN
MAMMARY GLAND	TOTAL EXAMINED CARCINOMA/ADENOMA, C-CELL #B ADENOMA, FOLLICULAR CELL #B ADENOMA, C-CELL	THYROID GLANDS	TOTAL EXAMINED CARCINOMA/ADENOMA, C-CELL #B ADENOMA, FOLLICULAR CELL #B ADENOMA, C-CELL
MULTIPLE ORGANS	TOTAL EXAMINED FIBROSARCOMA/FIBROMA #M SCHWANNOMA, MALIGNANT	UTERUS	TOTAL EXAMINED #B POLYP, ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL

(N) NUMBER OF ANIMALS EXAMINED
(a) NUMBER OF ANIMALS WITH TUMOR
(p) P-VALUES FOR PETO ANALYSES INCLUDING GROUP:
LISTED UNDER INDIVIDUAL TREATMENT GROUP: 1-SIDED PAIRWISE COMPARISON OF CONTROL WITH TREATMENT GROUP
LISTED UNDER 'DOSE RESPONSE': 1-SIDED TREND TEST INCLUDING CONTROL AND ACTIVE TREATMENT GROUPS

Conclusion

- The NOEL for neoplastic findings was determined to be 100 mg/kg/day (males), 200 mg/kg/day (females) (the highest dosages examined and the previously determined MTD)
- The NOEL for non-neoplastic systemic toxicity(Based on some survival and renal effects (urinalysis parameter changes in males and papillary necrosis and/or tubular degeneration in females) was observed to be 15 mg/kg/day for male rats and 30 mg/kg/day for female rats
- Under the conditions of this study Perfluorohexanoic Acid is not carcinogenic in rats and its chronic toxicity was low***